



# Immune Building Program



Wayne A. Bryden
DARPA Special Projects Office



### Immune Building Overview



#### **Threat**

Protect military buildings from:

Focus: protection from internal attack

- attack by chemical or biological warfare agents
- external or internal release

#### Goal

➤ Make buildings far less attractive targets

#### Approach

➤ Reduce effectiveness of attack via active and passive response of HVAC and other infrastructure modifications (neutralization, filtration, etc.)

- Objectives Protect human occupants:
  - stop/neutralize agent before it reaches humans
  - ➤ Restore building to function, quickly:
    - decontaminate effectively
  - > Preserve forensic evidence

#### Payoffs

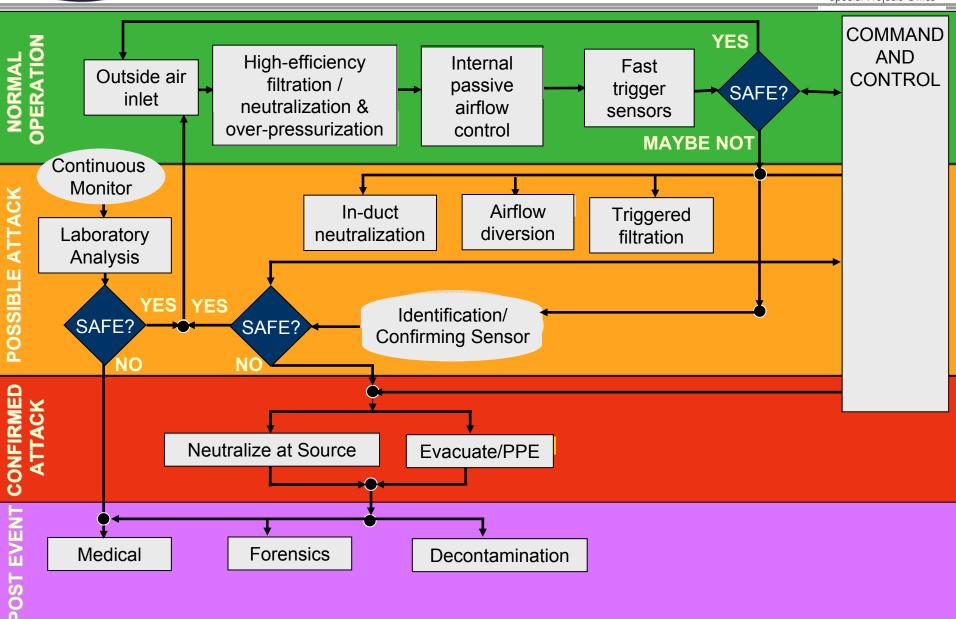
- **→**Save lives
- ➤ Restore OPTEMPO
- ➤ Determine treatment required; attribute source of attack





# **Building Protection Concept**

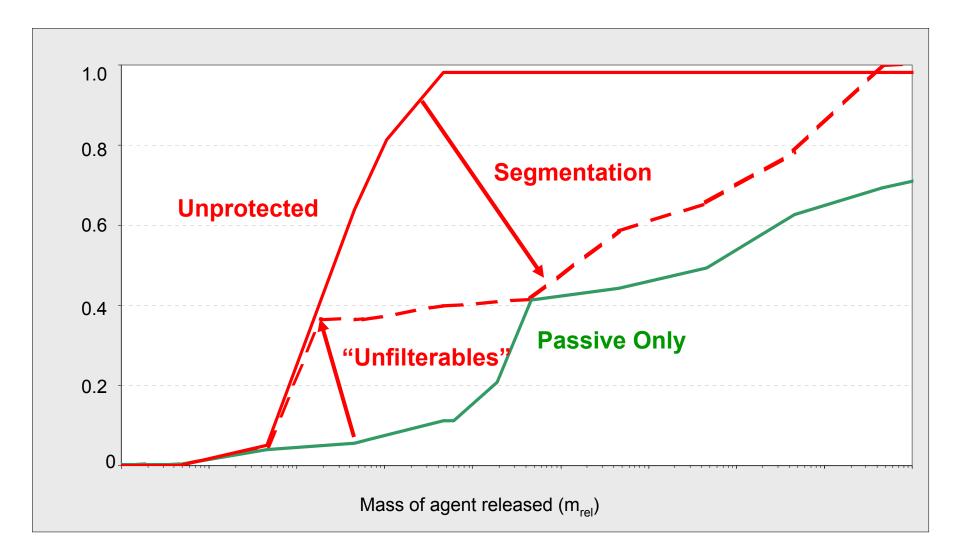






# Immune Building Program: Modeling

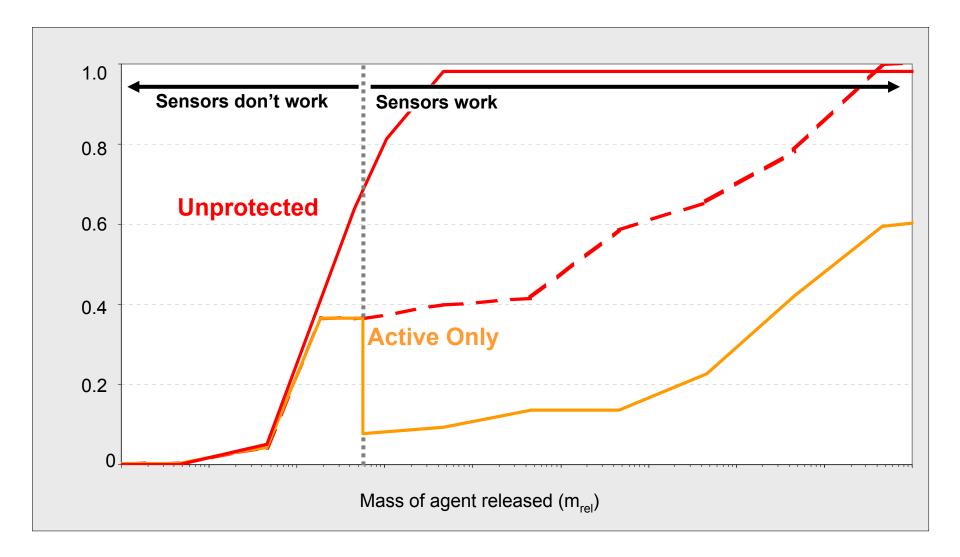






# Immune Building Program: Modeling

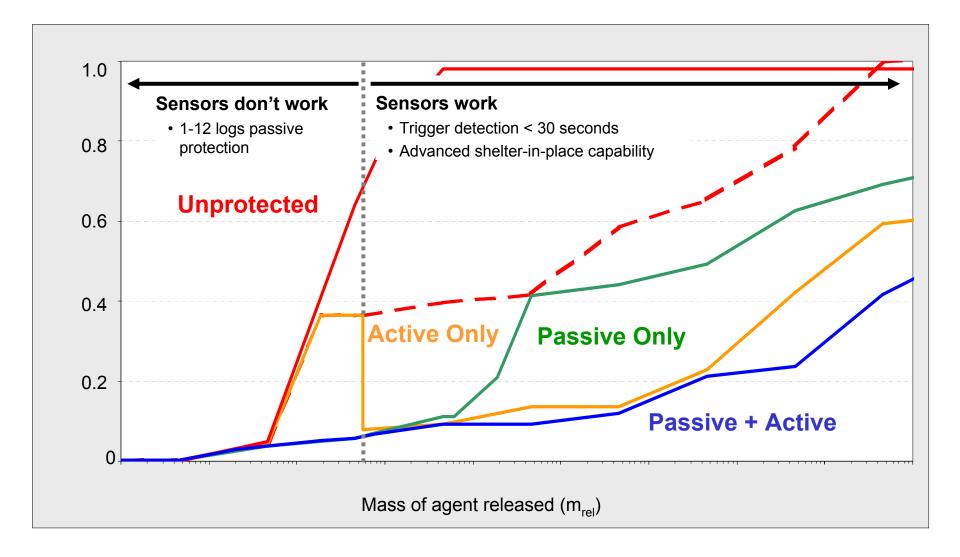






# Immune Building Program: Modeling

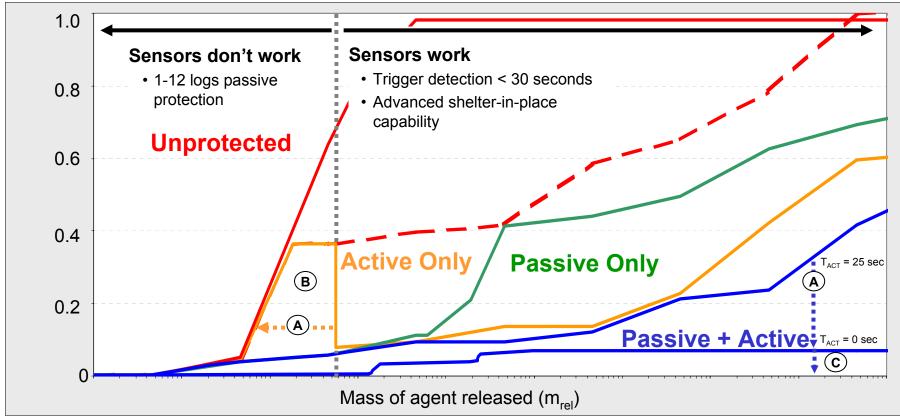






### **DARPA** Initiatives





#### A Advanced Triggers

- Detect TICs/unfilterables
- Detect at lower m<sub>rel</sub> (better sensitivity)
- Fast standoff detection of external releases
- Fast point detection of internal releases
- Improved sensor layout with lower cost sensors
- Enable use of in-duct neutralization
- Lower IB operating costs (low false alarm rate triggers)

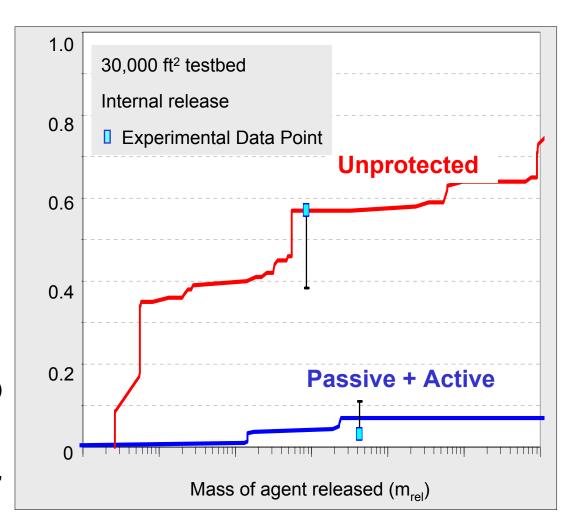
- (B) Advanced Filtration/Neutralization
  - Protect against TICs/unfilterables
  - Lower IB operating costs
- © Advanced Confirmatory Sensors
  - Enables use of evacuation and PPE
  - Lower IB operating costs



# Immune Building Program: Testing



- Active strategies are critical
  - Experiments show sensors effectively initiate active protection
- Optimal architectures include both passive and active components
- Immune Building systems can be applied to diverse building types
  - Specifics will differ from building to building: characterize beforehand (to design an appropriate system) and afterwards (to maintain performance)
  - Coordinate design with HVAC, fire suppression, blast protection, etc. to avoid conflicts (e.g., structural, airflow)





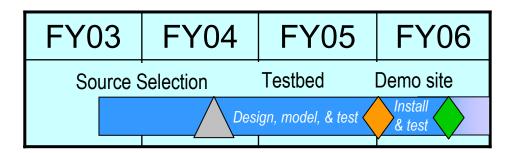
# Immune Building Program: Transition



- First <u>operational</u> demonstration of Immune Building system in an <u>occupied</u> military building
  - Demonstration in Q2 FY06
- Transition and continued operation of the Immune Building Demonstration system
- Capability to produce Immune Buildings is being developed in the private sector
- Interested parties are encouraged to visit the Anniston (testbed) and FLW (demonstration) sites

#### Nord Hall, Fort Leonard Wood, MO

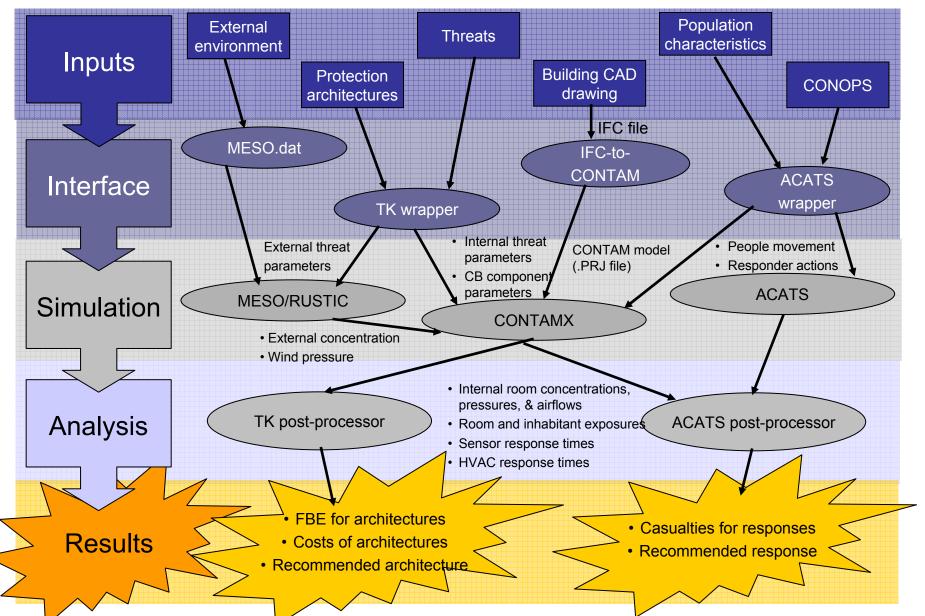






# Immune Building M&S Flow Chart



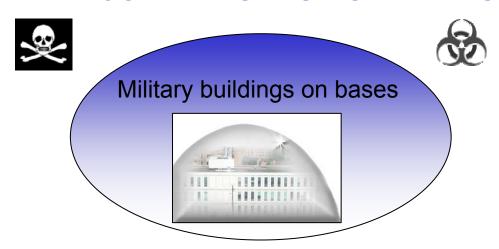




### Proactive Defense Against CWA/BWA



#### MAJOR TARGETS FOR ATTACK



IF SUCCESSFUL

Protect the occupants of the building from releases of CWA/BWA both internal and external to the structure

**ENABLES** 

Continued strategic military function of Command and Control Centers and military bases